

# AURA Observatory in Chile: La Ciencia, Los Telescopios, y Los Cielos Oscuros

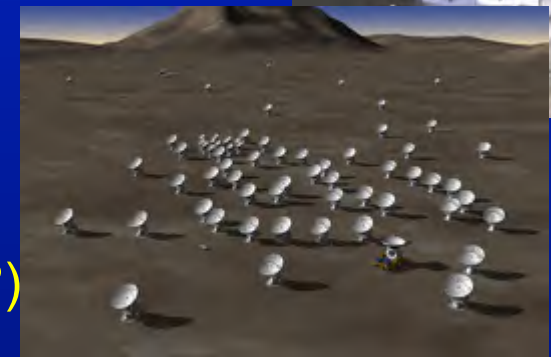


- Welcome to Chile!
  - Extremes: from glaciers to the driest desert
  - A modern country with stable government and solid infrastructure



# CONTEXT: Astronomy Operations in Chile

- AURA-O
  - CTIO (4m + smaller telescopes)
  - SOAR (4.2-m)
  - Gemini (8m)
  - LSST (8.4m)
- European Southern Observatory
  - La Silla (3.6m + 3.5m + 2.2m + ...)
  - Paranal (4 x 8m VLT + VISTA 4m + VST 2.4m)
- Carnegie Observatories
  - Las Campanas Observatory (2.5m + 1m + ...)
  - Magellan (2 x 6.5m)
- ALMA (= ESO + AUI + Japan)
  - ~64 12m radio telescopes
- GSMT
  - GMT (Las Campanas), E-ELT (Armazones?)





## What is “AURA”

- **AURA = Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy**
  - A consortium of universities established in 1957 to manage public observatories
  - Membership currently includes 37 U.S. institutions and 7 international institutions (including 2 Chilean)



## What is “AURA”?

- AURA currently manages many major public international astronomical facilities
  - National Optical Astronomy Observatory (NOAO)
    - Kitt Peak National Observatory
    - Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory
    - SOAR Telescope
  - National Solar Observatory (NSO)
  - Space Telescope Science Institute (STScI)
  - Gemini Observatory
    - Gemini-North & Gemini-South
  - Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST)



# AURA Observatory in Chile

- AURA came to Chile in 1960
  - Following up on an invitation from Prof. Federico Rutlant, Director of the Observatorio Nacional de Chile
  - In collaboration with the ON/UCHile, AURA managed site survey work to establish the first large international observatory in Chile



# AURA Observatory in Chile

- In November 1962
  - Selected the site, Cerro Tololo



- Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory



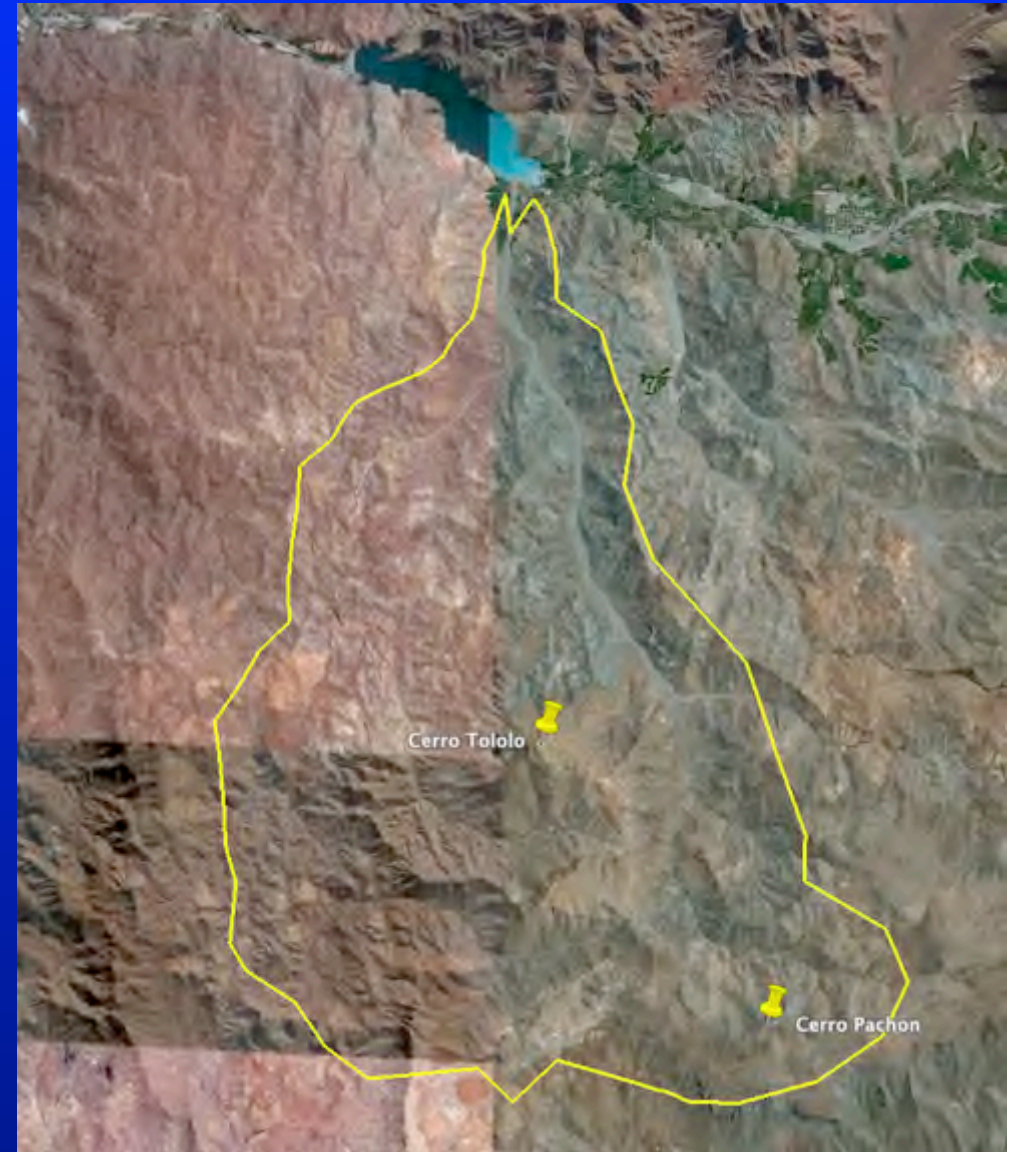
# Immediate Environment





## AURA “Estancia”

- AURA-owned, purchased 1962
  - >90,000 acres
  - Access actively controlled at the gate house
  - Some native flora & fauna protected; no environ. issues
- Infrastructure
  - ~45km of well-maintained dirt road to mountaintops
    - With emergency phones & guardrails
  - A well in valley provides water, pumped up to Tololo, trucked over to Pachón
  - Power lines from paved road to mountaintops
  - Wholly owned & operated microwave link to La Serena



## Cerro Tololo

- 17 telescopes
- 3 dormitories (+Dining Hall)
- 5 houses
- Warehouses
- Power station
- Water station
- Garage
- “Las Tacas”: Offices, Elec. Labs, Machine Shop
- The hub is the “Round Office Building” (ROB)
  - With admin offices, library, clinic, and meeting room



# Cerro Tololo Aerial View (Year 2001)



## Cerro Pachón



- 2 telescopes, Dining Hall, 2 Dormitories
  - Clinic in one of the dorm rooms
- Planned expansion of dorm
  - More dorm rooms, offices, & new kitchen/dining facility

# May 2006: LSST Site Selected

## Cerro Pachón – Future site of the LSST



El Peñón



Control Room & Support Bldg

Calibration Telescope

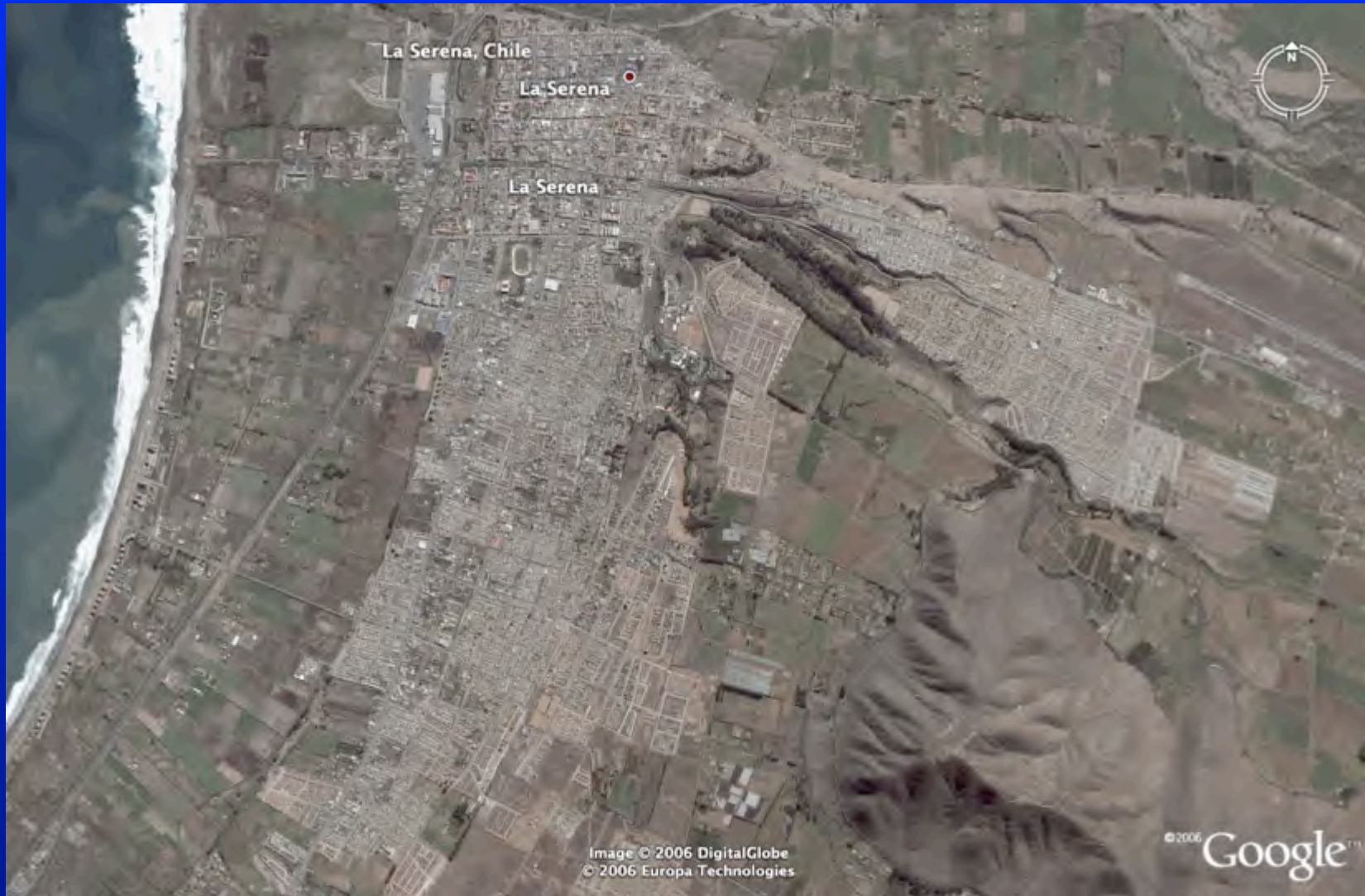


# Immediate Environment



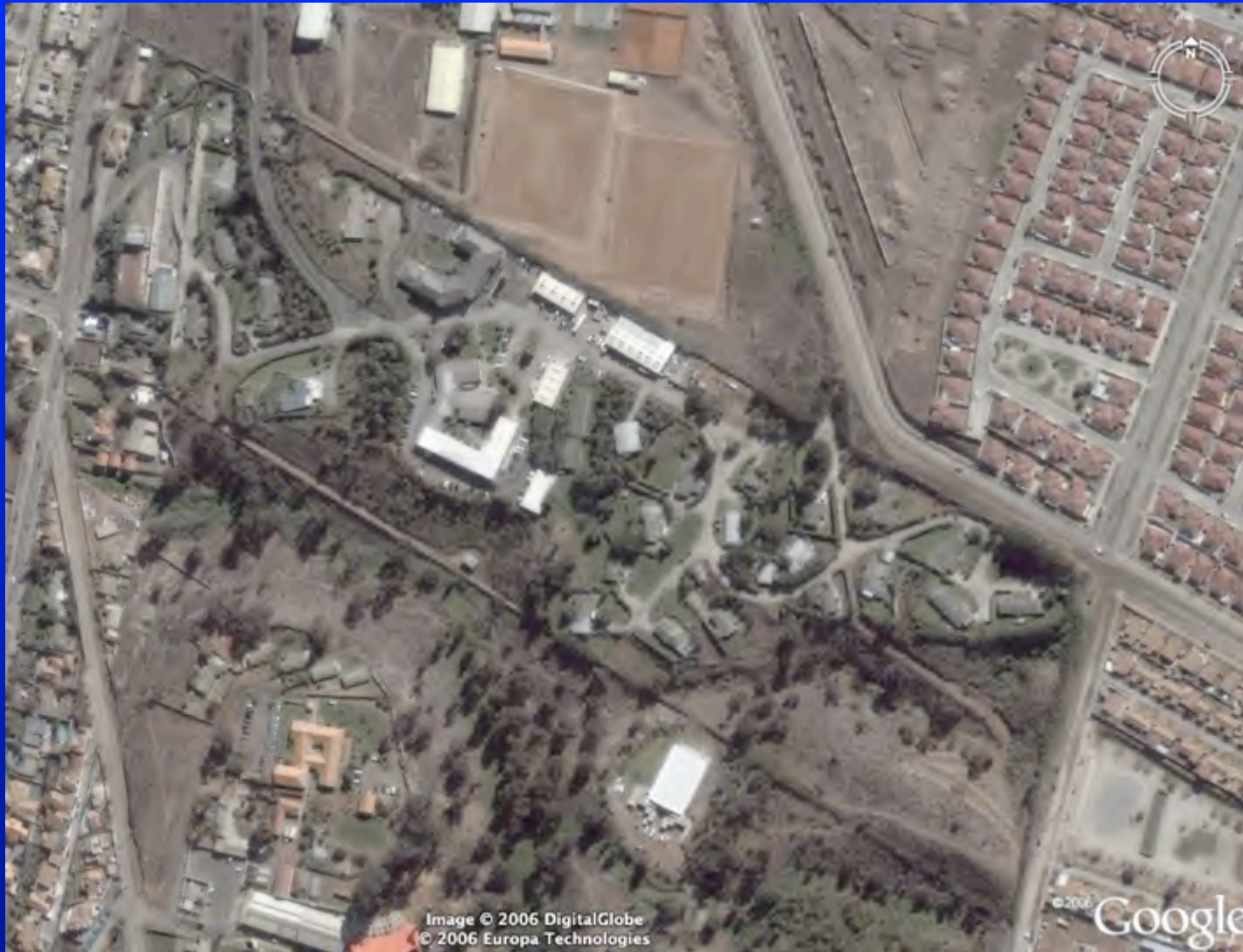


# La Serena





# AURA Recinto





# Telescopes of AURA Observatory

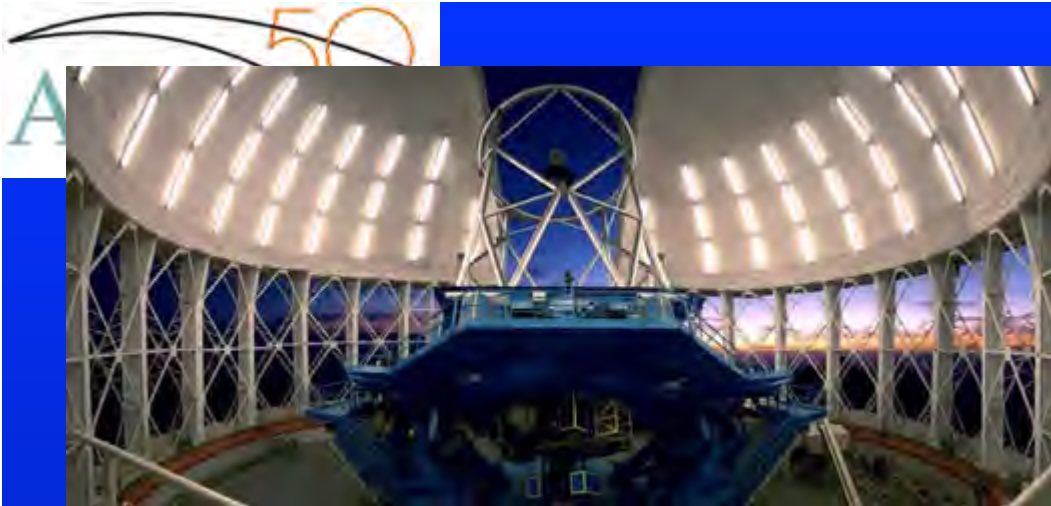


Copyright, 2007, Tim Abbott

# Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory



- Southern branch of the National Optical Astronomy Observatory (NOAO)
  - With CTIO+KPNO, since ~1965 we have provided access to the whole sky to astronomers from all over the world with a “open skies” policy



## Gemini-South 8m



- **Among the largest telescopes in the world**
- Probing the most distant objects in the universe
- Probing nearby stars for planets with specialized instruments
- Most observing in QUEUE mode





## SOAR 4.1m

- SOAR: SOUTHERN Astrophysical Research telescope
- Consortium with Brazil, UNC, MSU, & NOAO
- Large Instrument Payload
  - Up to 9 active instruments
  - Rapid switching between instruments
- Remote Observing

# Cerro Tololo Small Telescopes



### ATMOSPHERIC STUDIES

- DGAC (Chilean FAA)
  - Ozone monitoring, Weather Station
- Andes Lidar Observatory (ALO)
- SSI Airglow
- Univ. British Columbia Site testing

### GEOLOGIC

- IRIS/Uchile Seismological station



# Tools of the FUTURE





## Selected Examples:

Coming soon to nearby mountaintops...

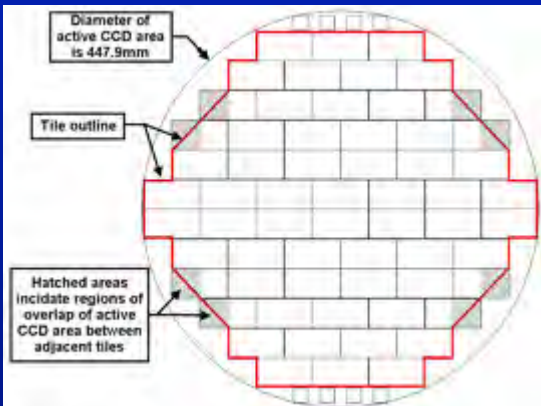
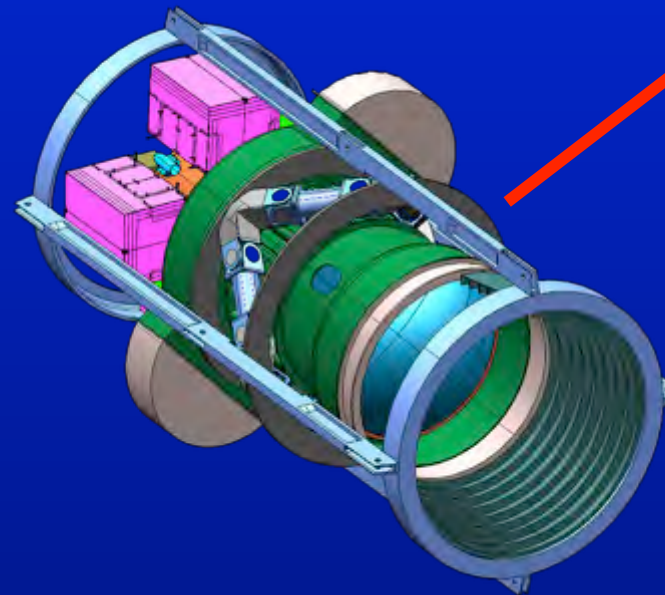
New Instruments (DECam)

New Telescopes (LSST)

# Dark Energy Camera

## CAMERA:

- 62 2048 x 4096 pixel CCDs
- **570 Megapixel camera**
- The largest focal plane for astronomy in S. Hemisphere

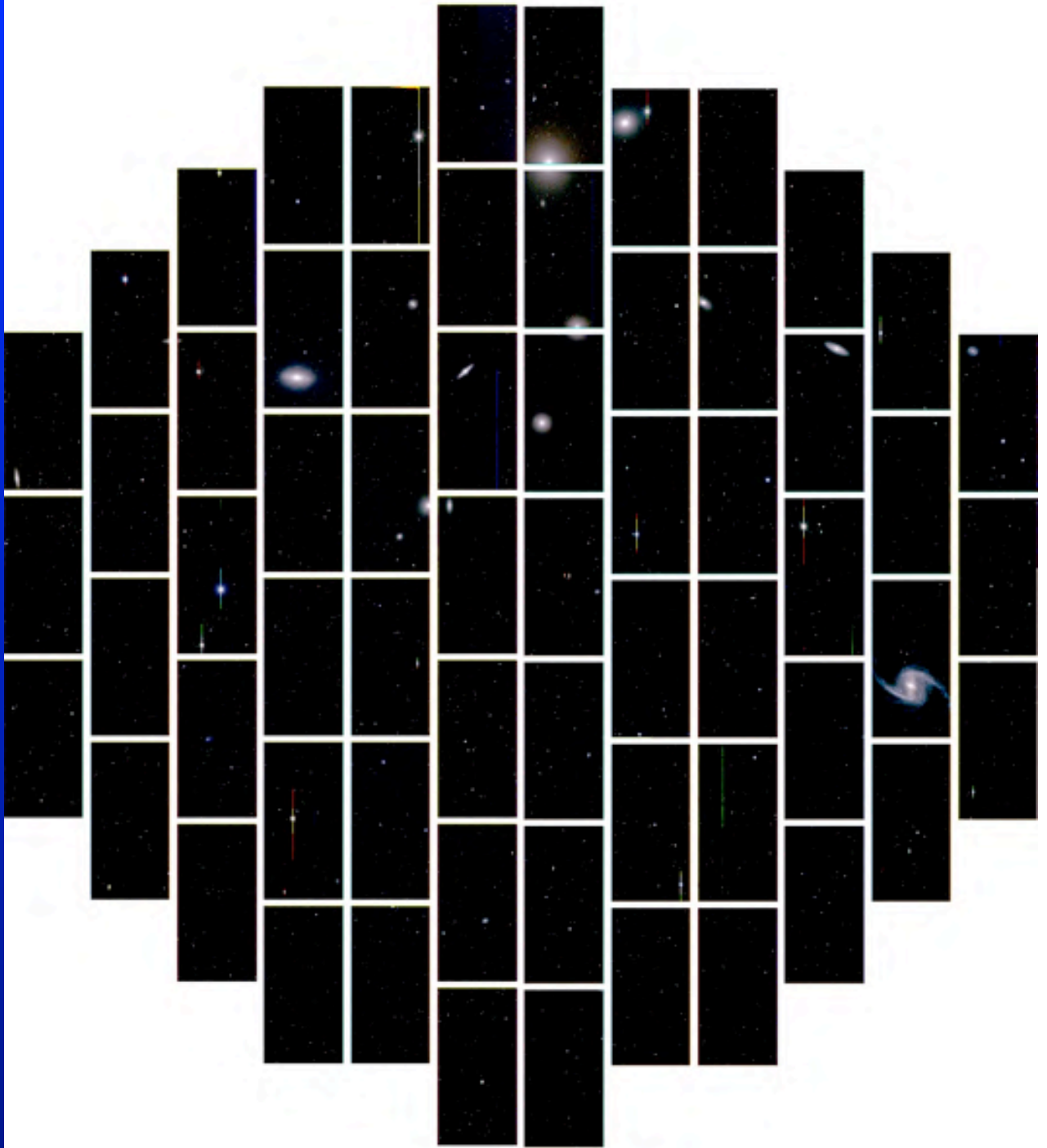




## A “modest” data challenge

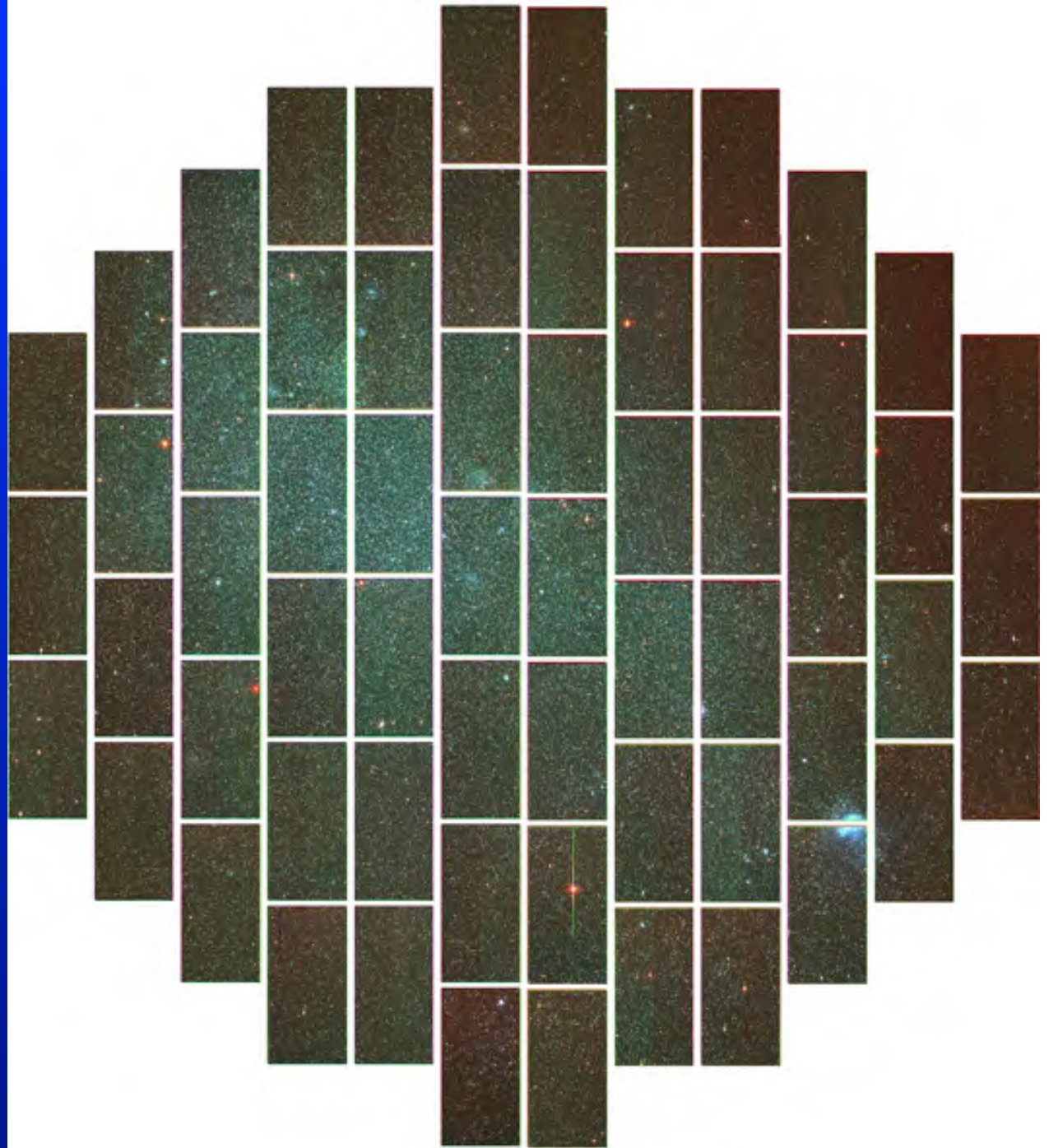
- Each image 1GB; 300–500 GB of raw data/night
  - Data must be moved from Chile to NCSA before next night begins (<18 hours), preferably in real time
  - Data must be processed within <24 hours to inform next night’s observing: using TERAGRID resources
- TOTAL Dataset 1 to 5 PB; w/ public access
  - Raw Images + Processed images + Catalogs

- First light images:  
September 12,  
2012
- Fornax galaxy  
cluster





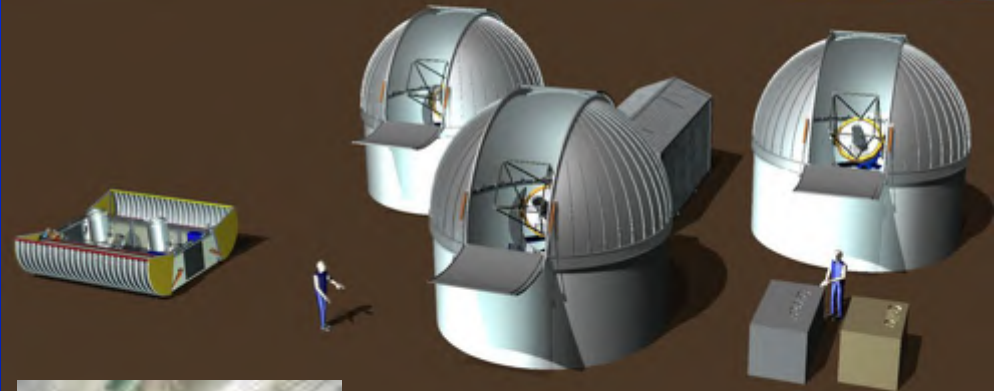
- **Small Magellanic Cloud**
- **~5 billion** measurable stars in this single image!



# New Techniques: Las Cumbres Observatory Global Telescope Network

- Privately funded network of nearly identical telescopes distributed worldwide (>6 sites)
- Mission: Mix of Science & Education
- Planned facilities:
  - 0.4m-s: mostly educational
  - 1m-s: mostly science, mostly photometry
  - 2m-s: mostly science, photometry+spectroscopy

## Layout for LCOGTN at CTIO





# The next step...

ca. 1950 POSS  
(Photographic)



ca. 2000 SDSS  
(Digital)



ca. 2012 DES  
(Digital + Depth)



ca. 2020 LSST  
(Digital Sky  
+Time Domain)



# The Large Synoptic Survey Telescope - Massively Parallel Astrophysics

Survey the entire sky every 3-4 nights, to  
simultaneously detect and study:

- Dark Matter via Weak gravitational lensing
- Dark Energy via thousands of SNe per year
- Potentially hazardous near earth asteroids
- Tracers of the formation of the solar system
- Fireworks in the heavens – GRBs, quasars...
- Periodic and transient phenomena
- .....the unknown



# LSST: creating a “digital universe”



**LSST is designed to image the whole sky every few nights for 10 years, giving us a movie-like window into our dynamic Universe.**

- **8.4 M Telescope**
  - 3.5 Degree Field Of View
  - Telescope Located in Chile on Cerro Pachón
- **3.2 Billion Pixel Camera**
- **~40 Second Cadence**
  - Two 15 second exposures
  - Full sky coverage every few nights
- **Advanced Data Management Systems**
- **Public Data**
  - Alerts of new events
  - Catalogs of object
  - Archives of images

# May 2006: LSST Site Selected

## Cerro Pachón – Future site of the LSST



El Peñón



**Control Room  
& Support Bldg**

**Calibration  
Telescope**



# Why is the LSST so unique?

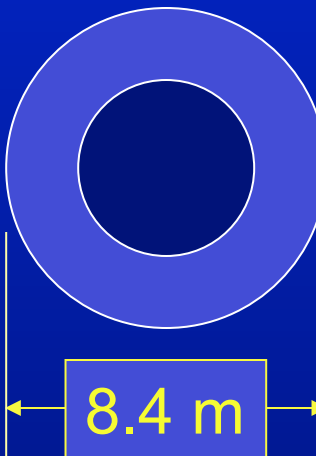
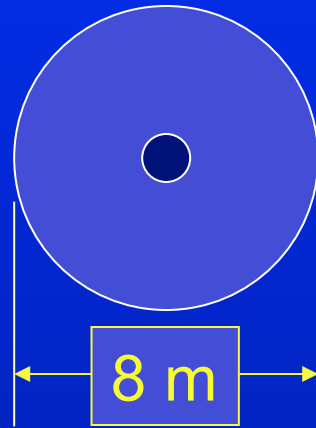


Gemini South Telescope

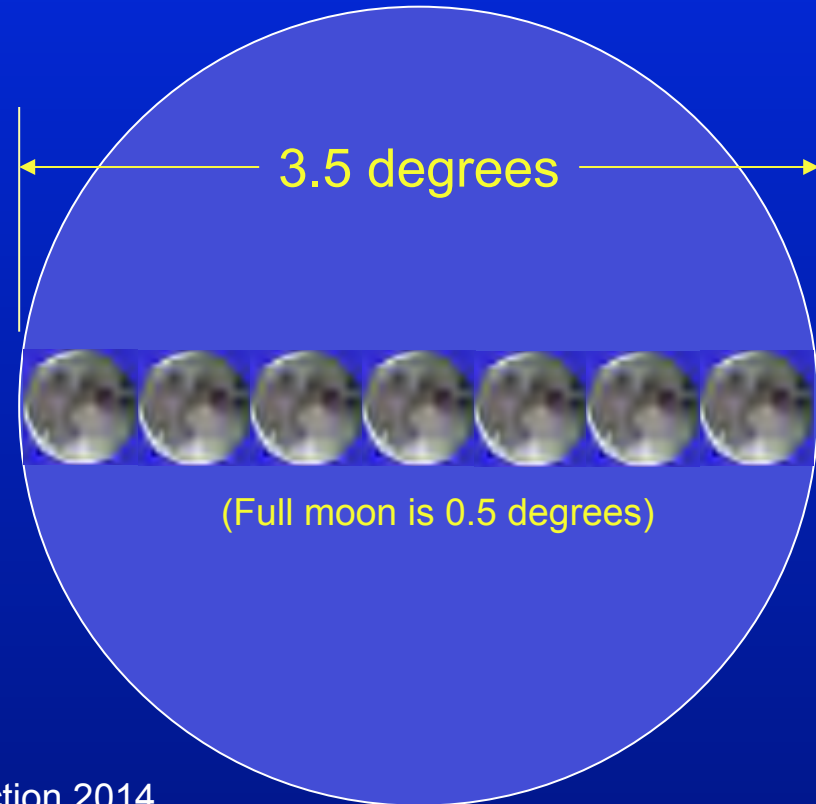
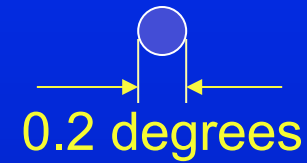


LSST

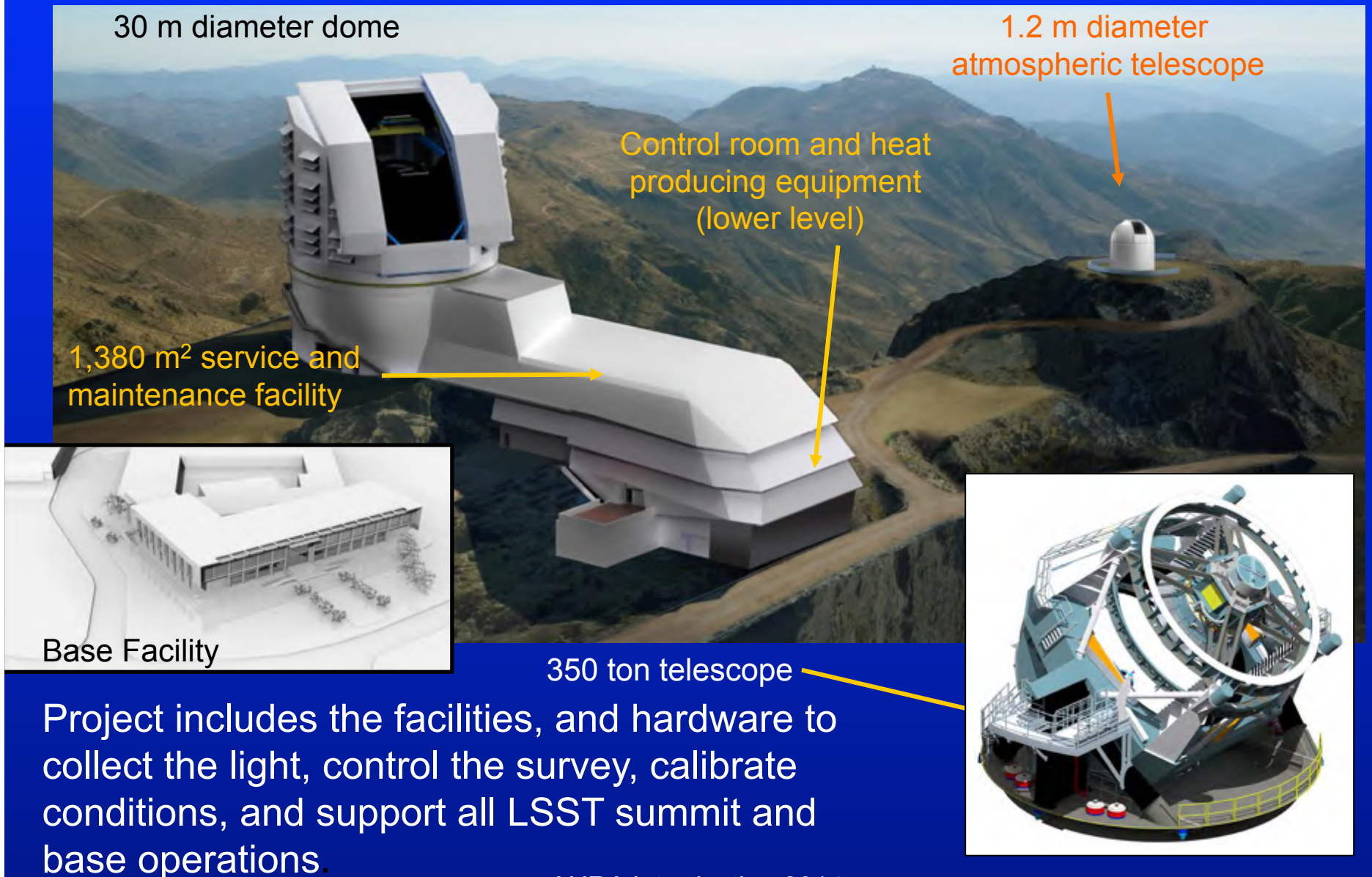
Primary Mirror Diameter



Field of View



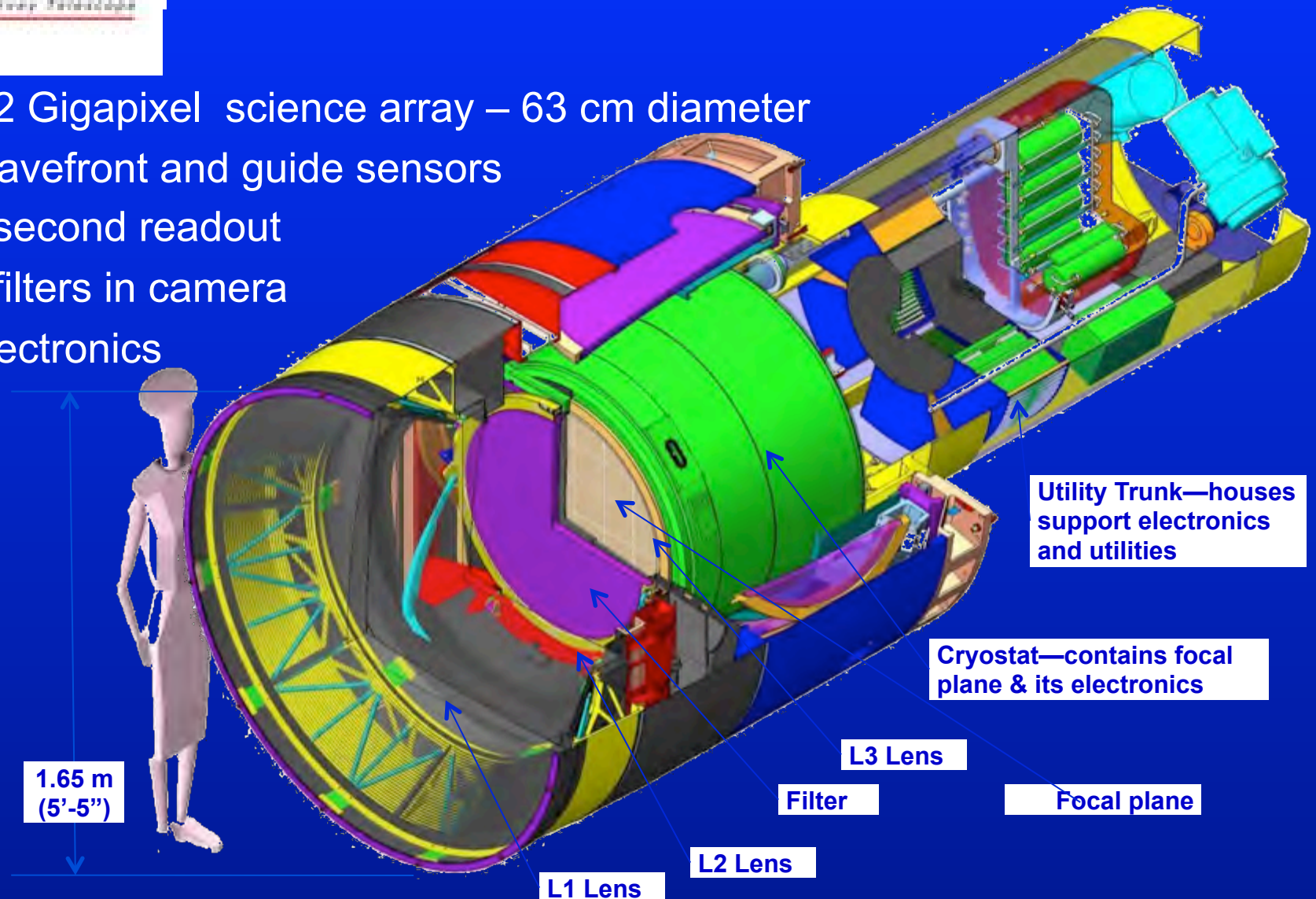
# Telescope and Site



Project includes the facilities, and hardware to collect the light, control the survey, calibrate conditions, and support all LSST summit and base operations.

# Camera

- 3.2 Gigapixel science array – 63 cm diameter
- Wavefront and guide sensors
- 2 second readout
- 5 filters in camera
- Electronics



1.65 m  
(5'-5")

Utility Trunk—houses support electronics and utilities

Cryostat—contains focal plane & its electronics

L3 Lens

Filter

Focal plane

L2 Lens

L1 Lens

Camera 1/4 Section



# Petascale Data Management

- Each image roughly 6 GB
- Cadence: ~1 image every 20s
- 15 to 18 TB per night, 30TB “reduced”!
  - ALL must be transferred to NCSA “archive center”
    - within image timescale (17s, hopefully <3s), >>10 Gbps
- REAL TIME processing, analysis, & alerts
  - Send out alerts of transient sources within 60s
    - ~2 million events per night every night for 10 years
  - Provide automatic data quality evaluation, alert to problems
  - Change survey observing strategy on the fly based on conditions, last field visited, etc.





# LSST: Era of “Data Science”

## TRANSIENT SCIENCE (Data Stream)

- >3 Terabytes per hour (reduced) that must be mined in real time for alerts.
- 20 billion objects will be monitored for important variations in real time.
- ~2 million events per night every night for 10 years

***New approaches must be developed for knowledge extraction in real time***

## NON-TRANSIENT SCIENCE

- >10<sup>10</sup> objects in a 20 PB final database catalog, backed by a 100 PB final image archive

***New approaches to data mining needed to sift through data to identify samples, or individual objects, of interest***

# Data Management Sites and Centers



**HQ Site**  
**HQ Facility**  
Observatory Management  
Science Operations  
Education and Public Outreach

**Archive Site**  
**Archive Center**  
Alert Production  
Data Release Production  
Calibration Products Production  
EPO Infrastructure  
Long-term Storage (copy 2)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services

**French Site**  
**Processing Center**  
Data Release Production  
(Proposed)



**Base Site**  
**Base Facility**  
Long-term storage (copy 1)  
**Data Access Center**  
Data Access and User Services

**Summit Site**  
**Summit Facility**  
Telescope and Camera  
Data Acquisition  
Crosstalk Correction





# LSST Data Management: Baseline Solutions

- High-speed connectivity
  - Mountain to Base: >100 Gbps
  - Base to Archive: >10 Gbps (hopefully 100Gbps)
  - Archive to User: variable, UI challenge
- Supercomputer processing & storage
  - Based in La Serena & NCSA
  - 100 PB final image archive
  - Distributed (Grid) analysis facilities
    - Integrated into “Chilean Grid”: REUNA+NLHPC+
- Petascale DB (~100 PB final catalog)
  - Based on open source RDBMS (mysql)

## Strategic Partnerships

- Connectivity
  - High-speed national bandwidth (**REUNA**)
  - and international bandwidth (AmLight/RNP/CLARA)
  - Others: South American Astronomy Coordination Cmte
- Distributed Computing Systems
  - Supercomputer center(s) to provide bulk storage, large scale processing (e.g., NCSA, **NLHPC** in Chile)
  - Grid processing, storage
- Scientific Analysis Challenges: Data Mining & Astro-Informatics or Astro-Statistics
  - Statistical analyses of large samples
  - Separating small signals from systematic effects
  - Automatically finding unique objects: one in billions

# SECOND LA SERENA SCHOOL FOR DATA SCIENCE 2014

## Applied Tools for Astronomy

**August 2014**

AURA Campus  
La Serena - Chile



- Training the next generation of scientists (in fields of astronomy, mathematics, computer science, and others) in the tools and techniques of massive data
- International program: funding available for students from Chile and the U.S.A.; registration and applications for funding due in March
- Target students: senior undergraduates and beginning graduate students
- Program includes: Lectures, Hands-on activities, and Group Projects

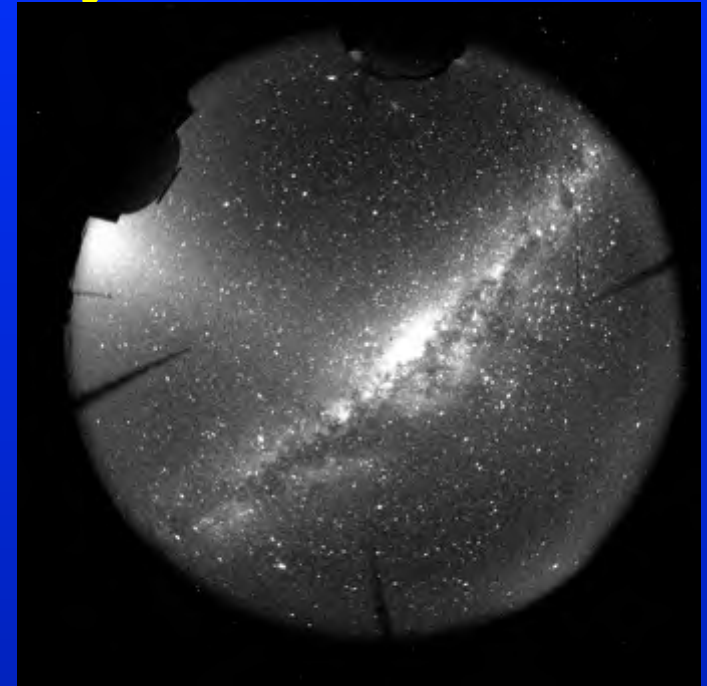
***For more information, visit:***

[http://www.aura-o.aura-astronomy.org/winter\\_school/](http://www.aura-o.aura-astronomy.org/winter_school/)

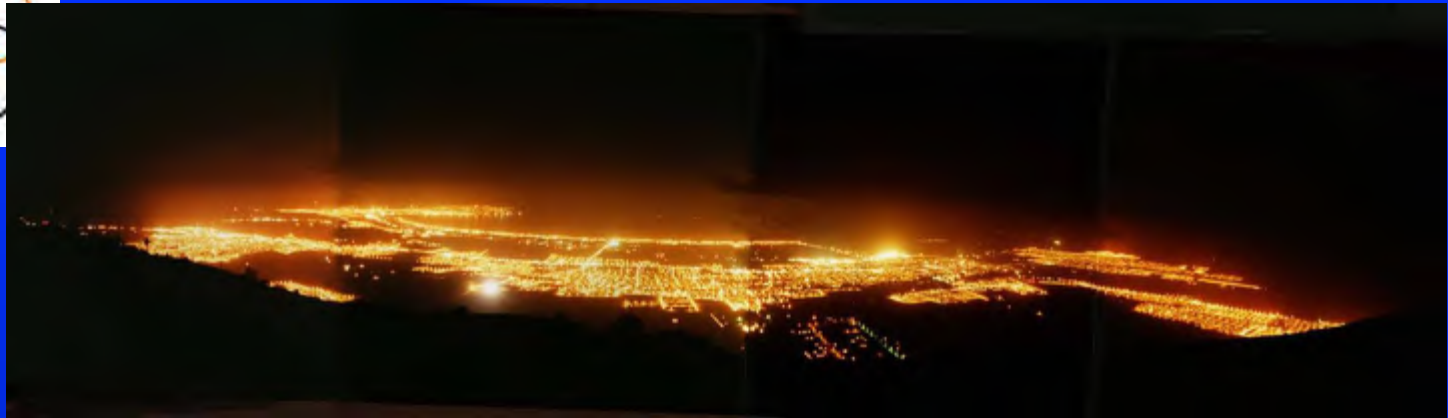


## Site Quality Preservation

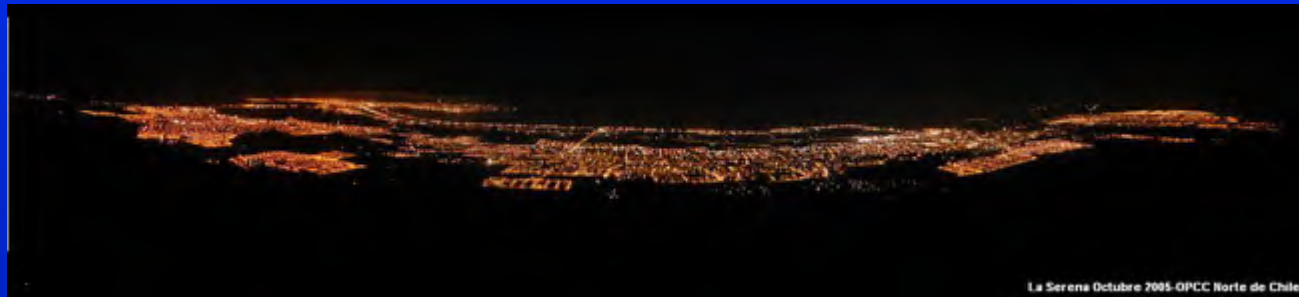
- Tololo & Pachon are extremely dark sites.
  - See [www.ctio.noao.edu/site/pachon\\_sky](http://www.ctio.noao.edu/site/pachon_sky)
- But the population is growing
  - Particularly in La Serena-Coquimbo,
  - and extending up the valley
- Ongoing change to improved lighting
  - “Norma” regulates lighting fixtures
  - Mining activities need monitoring
- OPCC (Oficina de Protección de la Calidad de Cielo) of “CONAMA”
  - supported by the international observatories. Staff of 1(!)
  - Director: Pedro Sanhueza
  - Plus some scientific and technical assistance from CTIO & Gemini staff.
- “Sky preservation” is also an important part of our EPO message.
- Active at the national and international level (IDA, IAU, IYA etc).



1999 →



2007 →



- First efforts involved light fixture (limit upward directed light)
- Current efforts involve lights themselves (high-pressure sodium)
- Future efforts focus on light levels, and changing “norma” to “law”!
- Most recent measurements show
  - Still NO measurable effect near zenith
  - Significant effect toward La Serena/Coquimbo at 70-80 deg zenith angles; need to continue recently begun quantitative measurements



# Chilean Commitment to Dark Skies

REPÚBLICA DE CHILE  
MINISTERIO DEL MEDIO AMBIENTE

ESTABLECE NORMA DE EMISIÓN PARA LA REGULACIÓN DE LA CONTAMINACIÓN LUMÍNICA, ELABORADA A PARTIR DE LA REVISIÓN DEL DECRETO SUPREMO N°686, DE 1998, DEL MINISTERIO DE ECONOMÍA, FOMENTO Y RECONSTRUCCIÓN.

SE, TÓMESE RAZÓN Y PUBLÍQUESE

CONTRALORIA GENERAL DE RAZON
28 MAR 2013
RECIBIDA
PART. AMC
INDIC 2013

DECRETO N° 043

SEBASTIÁN PINERA ECHENIQUE  
Presidente de la República

SANTIAGO, 17 DIC. 2012

- V1: 1998
- V2: published 2013 May 5, With spectral restrictions (LEDs), quantitative limits, and also restrictions on luminous signs.
- Effective May 2014!
- **Hard part: enforcement**

MINISTERIO DE ECONOMIA FOMENTO Y TURISMO  
MINISTRO  
PABLO LONGUEIRA MONTES  
Ministro de Economía, Fomento y Turismo

MINISTERIO DEL MEDIO AMBIENTE  
MINISTRA  
MARIA IGNACIA BENÍTEZ PEREIRA  
Ministra del Medio Ambiente





## **AURA Observatory in Chile:** A platform for current and future U.S. and International astronomical facilities in Chile



# The ~~End~~ Beginning!

